THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at Four dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or Three dollars at the end of the year.

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call.

☞The Gazette, Cincinnati, Advertiser, Louisville, Courier, New Orleans, Intelligencer, Washington, Commercial Advertiser, New York, will insert the above every other day for one month, and forward their accounts to this office within that time. Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

WHOLESALE CHINA, GLASS
AND
EARTHENWARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
Wheeling, Va.

February 12 1830.—tf

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,
FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
Have for sale, an assortment of
Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,
ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.
ALSO,
Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS*, Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

FOR SALE,

A FLAG QUARRY, together with a FARM, containing 80 acres of good land, situated on the Allegheny river, ten miles above Pittsburgh.—The flags are of the best quality, and suitable for paving, such as are now used for that purpose in this city. It is the only quarry of the kind in this part of the country. Apply to

HENRY HOLDSHIP
October 12, 1830.—tf

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,
No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF
Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the under signed will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
} *Commissioners.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

TO BE LET. The Iron Foundry, situated on Water street near Grant, lately occupied by Soura & Kingsland. On the premises are a Double Stack and Furnace, Core Oven, Crane, &c. in good order. Apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.

☞N. B.—Immediate possession can be given. February 18—tf

HARDWARE.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. corner of Fifth and Wood streets, have just received and are now opening their Spring supply of HARDWARE, which renders their stock much more extensive than heretofore; consisting of a more general assortment, and embracing a greater variety of articles; among which are Waldron's, Griffin's, and Harris's Corn, and Waldron's Griffin's, Papmore's, and Blanchard's Grass Scythe, &c. &c. Pittsburgh, March 11, 1831.—tf

PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 83 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fine and well regulated assortment of the following kinds of PAPER, manufactured at the mill of Hurst & Brown.

Imperial, Superroyal, Medium, Royal, Demy, Cap, Post, Folio Post, Crown, Medium, Imperial, Blue and White Tea Paper, Bonnet and Fullers' Boards, } Printing, Writing, Wrapping,

Which will be sold on as accommodating terms as can be purchased in this city.

JAMES BROWN & SON.

☞The highest price given for RAGS, in Cash, Groceries, or Dry Goods. April 16—tf.

REMOVAL.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, have removed their Bookstore to No. 51 Market street; where it is their intention to keep constantly on hand a well selected assortment of BOOKS in the various departments of Literature and Science. Their late stock has been considerably increased by the addition of many valuable works; and they trust their establishment will still be deserving of the countenance of their friends and the public.—It is their intention to sell their books at the lowest market prices. They respectfully invite the attention of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and the neighboring country to their new store.

April 5, 1831—tf

CHEAP QUEENSWARE.

WETMORE & HAVENS, No. 112 Second street, near Wood street, Pittsburgh, are now receiving their spring supplies of QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, being the manufacture of the first houses in Staffordshire, England.

All ware sold by them is re-packed by careful and experienced hands. Purchasers are consequently not subjected to the risk of getting inferior, crazed and broken ware, which is too generally the case with goods assorted in England, and sent out to be sold in our markets by the original package.

Their personal attention will, as heretofore, be given for the selection and packing of all ware bought of them. Liberal discounts for Cash.

Feb. 25—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq. late of Ross township, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the said subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of land, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and a good orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, }
WILLIAM SAMPLE, } Executors.

February 25, 1831.—tf.

50 DOLLARS REWARD.—Taken by mistake, or stolen, from the Bar-Room or Entry of Griffith's Hotel, Pittsburgh, on the 9th of March, 1831, One BLACK LEATHER TRUNK, with a Brass Plate on the front, marked *Royal Paine, New York*, containing sundry articles of clothing, papers, notes, drafts, deeds, bonds, and mortgages, certificates of Bank Stock, Shares, &c. &c. as per memorandum annexed, for which the above reward will be paid on delivery of the papers to H. KELLY, No. 208 Pearl street, New York. As the payment of the above have been stopped, they are of no use to any one but the owner. The above reward will be given for the papers alone.

MEMORANDUM.

One deed, by W. W. Moon, to H. Kelley.

One bond and mortgage, by J. Boyd and wife, to H. Kelley.

One draft, drawn by A. G. Smith, on S. H. Middlebrook, endorsed to H. Kelley, for $1,219, 41 cents.

Four drafts, drawn by W. W. Moon, and endorsed by him on C. T. Taylor, six hundred dollars each.

Two of four hundred and odd dollars, by do. on do.

Three drafts, accepted by John Boyd, three hundred and forty odd dollars each, particulars not recollected, as memorandums were lost with them.

One certificate of twenty-five shares of the butchers' and drovers' Bank, New York, and sundry other papers, notes, and bank stocks. The trunk also contained sundry articles of wearing apparel, a new black frock coat, &c. &c. &c.

☞If the above articles are in the hands of rogues, they may send the papers through the Post Office, and keep the trunk and clothing.

H. KELLEY.

May 31—1mo.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist.
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure is guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

CIRCULAR.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1831.

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have formed a Copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a *General Commission Business* in this place, under the firm of DOBBIN & IRWIN, and that we have taken that spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Second and Ferry streets, lately occupied by Messrs. R. Lindell & Co., where we are prepared to attend to such business as our friends may favor us with.

Mr. Leonard Dobbin will supply the place of his brother, in attending to the business of the house; and with his personal attention, united to a determination of pursuing a well regulated system of attention and punctuality, we hope to prove ourselves worthy the confidence of our friends and correspondents, whose interests it will be our study to promote, adhering strictly to their instructions.

H. R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

February 18, 1831—tf

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.
Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.

Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

DE LA MONTERAT'S
Columbian Vegetable Specific,

FOR *the cure of Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of Consumption and all diseases of the breast and lungs leading to Consumptions.*

DOCTOR RUSH'S
Anti-Dyspeptic or Sour Stomach
PILLS,

An invaluable remedy for indigestion in its most complicated forms.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. March 4—1y

ROBERT G. ORMSBY & Co.
AUCTIONEERS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

August 20, 1830—1y.

SADDLERY.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. corner of Fifth and Wood streets, are now opening an extensive assortment of plated, tinned, and Japaned SADDLERY of every description, to which they respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and Saddlers. March 11, 1831.—tf

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS STORE,
Corner of Wood and Third streets, opposite Griffith's Hotel, and in the house lately occupied by W. Bell & Co.

I HAVE opened a general assortment of DRY GOODS at the above stand, which will be sold at fair market prices, by the piece or package only. My friends and dealers are invited to call. C. CURTIS.

April 15—tf

New Hardware Store,
NO. 66 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, and are now opening an extensive assortment of Hardware Cutlery &c., to which they would respectfully invite the attention of merchants, mechanics, and others. Also a well selected assortment of New England bench and moulding planes.

April 5.—tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT, Lot No. 357, on Fourth street, between Wood and Smith field streets, in the city of Pittsburgh. The Lot is thirty feet front, and extends back towards Diamond Alley, one hundred and forty feet. Possession can be given on first of April, 1831. Apply to C. DARRAGH,
Dec. 17.—tf No. 49 Fourth street.

ROSS WILKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS Removed his Office to Liberty Street between Third and Fourth. Ap. 1.

WOOL.—The highest price will be given for clean washed common wool, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

May 10—tf

WATERS' improved Cast and Shear Steel Corn and Grass SCYTHES; Shear and Cast Steel Axes; Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; Hoes, Hatchets—constantly on hand and for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 11.—tf

50 BARRELS No. 1 Mackerel;
75 do. No. 2 do.
25 do. No. 3 do.
100 Barrels New Orleans Molasses.
25 Hogsheads New Orleans Sugar.
2 Barrels Cocoa Nuts.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

May 10, 1831.—tf

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

March 22, 1831.—tf

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,
June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

NOTICE.—The firm of Steele & Co. is dissolved by the death of I. STEELE. All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to make payment, and all those having claims will present the same for settlement to JOHN BIRMINGHAM, surviving partner of the late Steele & Co. Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—W. M. Carlisle, of the firm of Steele & Carlisle, and John Birmingham, surviving partner of Steele & Co. have associated themselves together, under the firm of CARLISLE & BIRMINGHAM, and will continue a General Agency and Commission Business, at the old stand, No. 90 Front street.

W. M. CARLISLE,
JOHN BIRMINGHAM.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831.—3mo.

☞BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.☜
Ohio paper Generally, one half per-ct.

Erie,	½ pr. ct.	Urban. Bk. Co.	3 to 5
Virginia,	1	Scioto Bk.	3 to 5
N. Y. City Notes	1	Michigan	3 to 5
Delaware do	½ to 1	Canada	4
Canton	2	Georgia & N. Car.	4
Wilks'b.	2	South Carolina	3
Pottsville	2	N. York, Con.	2
Greensburgh	30	R. Isl., Vermont,	2
Old Bk. Steub.	25	Mass., N. Hamp.	2
Maryland,	½ to 1	New Jersey	1 to 2

GOLD.

Sovereigns 4 65. American Gold 2 per-ct. premium. GEORGE A GOOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, *No. 68 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.* April 29.—tf.

Drawing, Painting, and Gilding,
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES.

J. NEWTON

HAS removed to No. 27 Market street, between Front and Second, where he intends carrying on the above; and he assures the public that he will execute all orders with which he may be favored in as neat a manner, upon as reasonable terms, and as promptly, as can be done on the west of the mountains. Portraits and Miniatures executed in a superior style, and paintings bought, sold, exchanged, or repaired.

J. N. will continue to receive a small class of pupils.

LITHOGRAPHY.

J. N. has established a Lithographic Press, and is prepared to execute all kinds of Lithographic Printing. Those who wish to have a multiplicity of copies from any design, will find this a beautiful substitute for copperplate engraving, and will experience a considerable saving of time and expense by preferring it.

Just published, the first number of a series of Ornaments, which will be found useful to Architects, Painters, Carvers, Gilders, Engravers, Cabinet Makers, Chair Ornamenters, Statuaries, and all persons whose business is connected with the Fine Arts.

J. N. respectfully solicits subscribers to a work on Flower, Fruit, and Shell Painting, &c., which he intends publishing as soon as the materials are in readiness. The work will contain the whole theory of the art, as far as its title purports, and will greatly aid those who wish to devote a part of their leisure hours to this branch of painting.

May 6, 1831.

WANTED, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina paper. Also, Notes of the Michigan and Canada Banks.

GEORGE A. COOK.

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.

May 10, 1831.

JOHN ALEXANDER

HAS Removed his Wholesale and Retail Cheap Cash Store, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. F. W. Boggs, No. 53 Market street, three doors below Fourth, where he is now receiving a splendid and general assortment of

Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,

purchased at the lowest prices, in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore; all of which will be sold low for Cash. ☞Has always on hand a large assortment of MAHOGANY, which will be sold at very reduced prices. J. A.

April 8—3mo.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,
SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
(From London, and recently of Baltimore.)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, (*the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,*) where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Walter Fortune & Sons, Saddletree Manufacturers, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 26th day of April last. All persons indebted to the late firm will make payment to Walter Fortune and James Fortune, who are duly authorised to receive the same, and who will settle all accounts due by the said firm.

WALTER FORTUNE,
JAMES FORTUNE,
LUKE FORTUNE,
JOHN FORTUNE.

The business will be carried on as usual, at the old stand, in Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, by Walter Fortune and James Fortune, under the firm of WALTER FORTUNE & SON.

☞Two or three Journeymen Saddletree makers, and three or four Apprentices, wanted immediately. Apply to W. F. & SON.

May 12, 1831.—3mo

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 41 WOOD STREET,
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers. W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

CIRCULAR.—The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have associated together for the purpose of transacting a general FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm of

LITTLE & HAYS,

and have taken that commodious brick warehouse, No. 3 Market street, where they are prepared to receive any consignments directed to their care. As they neither have nor intend having any interest or agency in any boats, correspondents may depend on having their goods forwarded without delay, unless otherwise directed.

They will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, which will be furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Orders and Consignments thankfully received and punctually attended to.

WILLIAM LITTLE.
ROBERT S. HAYS.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1831—tf

JOHN H. HOPKINS, about to remove from the state of Pennsylvania, offers for sale the following real and personal property:

1st. Eight acres of ground in the Borough of Allegheny, next to the residence of Charles Brewer, Esq. and immediately opposite to his own dwelling house. This commands the fairest view of the river and city, and would admit of being advantageously subdivided.

2d. Eight acres, including the mansion, gardens, grove, and orchard, and well known as the residence of the advertiser, for the last 9 years.—This property cannot be readily exceeded in any part of our country for beauty of situation and improvement, and it would also admit of more than 40 building lots being taken from it, without infringing on the grounds belonging to the mansion. Attached to it, are coal houses, carriage house, two wells of excellent water, in one of which is a new pump, ice house, extensive wood shed, tool shed, &c. The mansion house is built in the most substantial manner, and affords accommodations of the best kind for a Seminary or large family, having been erected, and enlarged from time to time, for the use of the proprietor himself.

3d. A mortgage to a large amount on the adjoining estate of 13 acres, being considered a sure investment to any capitalist who could wait three or four years for his returns.

4th. One undivided third part of Baldwin Furnace, situate in Ligonier Valley, one mile and a half from Conemaugh River, and two miles and a half from the great Pennsylvania Canal, affording at all times ready water conveyance to Pittsburg. These works are supposed to possess superior advantages of water power, ore, stone coal, &c. if properly put in operation; and the other two thirds could be purchased on very moderate terms.

5th. A great variety of personal property, viz:—parlor and chamber furniture, household utensils, one first rate piano, two old instruments for practising, globes, maps, desks, benches, chemical apparatus, an air pump, a telescope, and other implements of education; an excellent organ, a barouche, a gig, four horses, a number of valuable cows, a plantation wagon, cart, ploughs, a large collection of farming and garden tools, &c. &c.

The above property will be sold very low, and offers a better opportunity to purchasers than is likely to occur for many years. Preferring a private sale, the proprietor will remain at home until noon of every week-day during the present month, in order to show the property to all inquirers, between the hours of 9 and 12. If not sold, it will be for rent for a term of years.

JOHN H. HOPKINS.

June 10—1mo.

LAW NOTICE.

GEORGE SELDEN has removed his office to No. 18 in the Diamond, next door to Alderman Lowrie; where, having no other pursuit to which his attention is directed, he devotes himself exclusively to the profession of the law. Jan 7

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale.

☞The Cincinnati Advertiser, Cincinnati Gazette, Louisville Advertiser, Louisville Journal, Nashville Republican, and Nashville Whig and Banner, Florence Gazette, and Lexington Reporter, will insert the above advertisements once a week for three months, and send their bills to this office. January 18—tf

NEW JUVENILE READER.

THE Infant School Reader; consisting of words of one sound, with 150 Spelling Lessons of words of one syllable; the meanings of which are also well explained by words of one syllable. By W. Ballantine—embellished with numerous wood cuts.—"It needs all we know to make things plain."

N. B.—Teachers and parents are particularly requested to examine the above little work, as it is one so well adapted to the instruction of youth. Just published and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co., Book-sellers, 51 Market street. June 14.—tf.

THE subscriber wishes to rent the large Three Story Brick Dwelling House and Shop, where he now resides, situated in Liberty, between Market and Wood streets.

March 18.—tf. FELIX BRUNOT.

DOCTOR SELLERS has removed his office from No. 64 to No. 56, Fourth street.

April 1.—w3m.

120 BARRELS REFINED SUGAR, from the manufactory of N. Goodale, New Orleans, now landing per s. b. Highlander, for sale on consignment, at reduced prices, by COCHRAN & IRWIN, Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, June 17—tf

TO MACHINISTS.

WANTED, Two or three good workmen, of steady habits. None other need apply.

June 17—3 F. A. BEMIS & CO.

50 BOXES EASTERN CUT TACKS, received on consignment, and for sale at manufacturers' prices, by

COCHRAN & IRWIN,
June 17 Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

THREE ROOMS TO LET, at No. 130 Wood street, suitable for school rooms, reading rooms, or any similar purpose. Inquire of

June 17.—3t JAMES R. SPEER.

NOTICE to the Inhabitants of the *West Ward*, Pittsburgh.—Agreeably to the resolution adopted at the Public Meeting for the relief of the sufferers at Fayetteville, the undersigned committee appointed for the *West Ward* will call on the inhabitants of this place, for such contributions as they may be disposed to make for the relief of the sufferers by the late destructive fire at Fayetteville.

LEWIS PETERSON,
BENJ. DARLINGTON,
R. T. STEWART,
HARMAR DENNY.

P. S.—Should the committee happen to omit calling upon any individuals disposed to aid in this benevolent object, they can hand to Mr. Peterson, at the corner of Market and Front streets, whatever sum they may be willing to contribute.

June 17.—1t.

NO CURE, NO PAY!

MR. E. H. HALL respectfully informs the public, that he intends opening a School at No. 60 Front street, to *CURE STAMMERING and other IMPEDIMENTS OF SPEECH.*—Having much experience in the business, he feels confident that he shall be able to please all who place themselves under his instructions: and he assures those who do not receive perfect and complete satisfaction, that they will be charged nothing, and paid all reasonable expenses. Those applying to the above, can receive satisfactory references. June 17—6mo.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and, after taking instructions from E. H. Hall eight days, I have obtained relief, and feel confident that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure. HUGH M'CANDLESS.

May 10th, 1831.

This is to certify, that I, the subscriber, of Washington county, Pa. have been afflicted with stammering from my youth, and have been under instructions to no avail, before I applied to E. H. Hall, and after being with him 6 days, I have found relief, and think that if proper attention is paid to the rule, it will effect a permanent cure.

JAMES BRIMNER.

May 10th, 1831.

Since I gave the above certificate, I have adhered to the rule strictly, and I do believe that I am perfectly and permanently cured, for I feel no inclination to stammer, nor have I for some time, and I do think if any person will attend to it as they should do, they will get clear of it in a very short time, for I did stammer very much, and now it is all off. JAMES BRIMNER.

June 11, 1831.

ON NEXT TUESDAY, the important intelligence of the Drawing of the Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 12, for 1831, will be received in Pittsburgh. *The Capitals are large and numerous.*—Specimens: $30,000, $10,000, $5,000, $4,000, $3,000, $2,452—Total, $198,032. Tickets $10, for capitals apply at the "*Prize Selling Office.*" GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street,

Where has been sold and paid, more capital prizes than has been sold at any other office or offices in the west. June 14

THE THOROUGH-BRED TURF HORSE,

PIRATE.

THE owner of this fine horse has consented to send him to Pittsburgh on the tenth of next month. It will be late in the season, but it is the only arrangement that could be made to obtain his services for those who may be disposed to breed from a horse in whose veins flows the very richest blood of this or any other country.

He is a four mile horse, and his character for speed and bottom was established in his celebrated race of twelve miles with Betsy Ransom and others, at Norfolk, Va., in October, 1827, in less time than that taken in the great match-race between Eclipse and Sir Henry. The following certificate from Colonel Johnson establishes his pedigree:—

PIRATE, by Sir Archie, dam Lady Hambleton, by Sir Arthur, grand dam Bet Bounce—(Bet Bounce was considered one of the best brood mares in Virginia: she was the dam of the three celebrated racers, Coquette, Jennet and Arab)—by Sir Harry, great grand dam by Medley, g. g. grand dam by Mark Anthony, g. g. g. grand dam by Jolly Roger, g. g. g. g. grand dam the imported mare Jenny Camron. Sir Arthur, the sire of Lady Hambleton, who was the dam of Pirate, was raised by me: he was gotten by Sir Archie, out of Green's old Celar mare, who was the dam of Maria, commonly called Bay Yankee, who was a distinguished racer of her day, and one of the best four mile mares that I ever trained. The Celar mare was by the old imported Janus.

W. R. JOHNSON.

Richmond, January 3, 1829.

Pirate is a chesnut sorrel, 15 hands 3 inches high, and 8 years old. His stable will be in the city or its immediate vicinity, and notice will be given of the terms of his service.

A PITT TOWNSHIP FARMER.

June 17, 1831—3t

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—*Crabb's* History of English Law; or an attempt to trace the rise, progress, and successive changes of the *Common Law;* from the earliest period to the present time—1st. American edition.——*Spirit of the Annuals, for* 1831.——*Songs of the Affections*, and other Poems, by *Mrs. Hemans.*——*Affecting Scenes;* being passages from the Diary of a Physician. For sale by HOGAN & Co., corner of Front and Market streets.

May 14, 1831.—2t.

NEW MEDICAL WORK.—Clinical Illustrations of Fever, comprising a Report of the cases treated at the London Fever Hospital in 1828 and 1829. By Alexander Tweedie, M. D. Just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co. Booksellers,
June 14—2t No. 51 Market street.

MORE LUCK IN THE WEST!!—Numbers 5, 11, 16, *the Splendid Prize of* TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, was sold to Mr. Pearce, of Harrisville, Ohio, and the cash paid on demand by

CLARKE & COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Brokers, Wheeling, Va.

POETRY.

From the Talisman.

TO THE EVENING WIND.

BY WM. CULLEN BRYANT.

Spirit that breathest through my lattice, thou
That cool'st the twilight of the sultry day,
Gratefully flows thy freshness round my brow;
Thou hast been out all day at play,
Riding all day the wild blue waves till now,
Roughening their crests, and casting high their spray,
And swelling the white sail. I welcome thee
To the scorched land, thou wanderer of the sea!

Nor I alone—a thousand bosoms round
Inhale thee in the fulness of delight;
And languid forms rise up, and pulses bound
Livelier, at coming of the wind at night:
And, languishing to hear thy grateful sound,
Lies the vast inland, stretched beyond the sight.
Go forth into the gathering shade; go forth,
God's blessing breathed upon the fainting earth!

Go, rock the little wood-bird in his nest,
Curl the still waters, bright with stars, and rouse
The wide old wood from his majestic rest,
Summoning from the innumerable boughs
The strange, deep harmonies that haunt his breast:
Pleasant shall be thy way where meekly bows
The shutting flower, and darkling waters pass,
And 'twixt the o'ershadowing branches and the grass.

The faint old man shall lean his silver head
To feel thee; thou shalt kiss the child asleep,
And dry the moistened curls that overspread
His temples, while his breathing grows more deep;
And they who stand about the sick man's bed,
Shall joy to listen to thy distant sweep,
And softly part his curtains to allow
Thy visit, grateful to his burning brow.

Go—but the circle of eternal change,
That is the life of nature, shall restore,
With sounds and scents from all thy mighty range,
Thee to thy birth-place of the deep once more;
Sweet odors in the sea-air, sweet and strange,
Shall tell the home-sick mariner of the shore;
And, listening to thy murmur, he shall deem
He hears the rustling leaf and running stream.

From the New York American.

AMERICA'S EAGLE AND BROTHER JONATHAN.

Jonathan—Dear Tutelary, what's the matter?
Tell us the cause of all this chatter—
This frightful hubbub in our eyry,—
We fear your wits may be *retire-y*
Some say a certain plotting sly-fox,
Has *carried coals*, (a second Guy Faux,)
And thus blown up the whole material
Which lately form'd your home aerial:
Some, that you need a firmer tether,
To hold your sticks and straws together;
All fear a fall for you, Old Glory!
A fall, and from Fame's attic story!

Eagle—Fear not for me, "mine honest friend,"
When things are at the worst, they mend.
Rumor, about a recent rout,
I must confess, is not far out:
The sly-boots really made my nest
So hot it almost scorched my breast!
And I *do* need a different tether
To hold my building stuff together,
Yet fear not for my fame in story,
No "mousing owl" shall harm "Old Glory;"
And know, your terror to allay,
Ere long I mean to build with Clay. E.

MISCELLANEOUS.

From an English paper.

Visit of the British Ambassador to Sultan Mahmoud.—The following highly interesting description of the British Ambassador's presentation to the Sultan forms part of the private journal of the Right Hon. Robert Grosvenor, M. P.

"The Sultan came in a boat something like the large Indian canoe, high fore and aft, rowed by fourteen men, two upon each bench. The craft is black outside, and has no other ornament than two small gilt eagles, one perched upon the top of the rudder, and the other upon a small gilt staff, near the prow. The boatmen wore a small red cap, just covering the sacred lock on the top of the head; the shirt had no collar, but immense gijot sleeves, made of a sort of elastic gauze of the finest texture: a red silk sash, and white muslin trowsers of most capacious dimensions, confined at the knee by a string; the feet were bare. The simplicity of the boat, and the boatmen's dresses, contrasted forcibly, and gave a wonderful relief to the figure of the sultan, himself, reclining upon silks and cachemires, and blazing with the most magnificent brilliants. His highness was accompanied by Mustapha, the favorite and secretary; Achmet Bey, his colonel of hussars; and one or two others, in their gala apparel. A salute of twenty-one guns was fired the moment the sultan landed. He mounted a beautiful Arabian, whose housings, bridle, bit, frontlet, breastplate, and crupper, were covered with diamonds. The animal was painted a variety of colors, two of his legs were white, the others streaked, his chest spotted, as was his nose; but he was beautiful, and the effect was decidedly good. The roar of cannon, and the clang of martial music, had excited all his warlike feelings; he pawed the ground, snorted and threw foam from his bit, and chafed as if he would dash from the hands that held him; but the moment the sultan was on his back, he became tranquil, and bore his courtly honor as proudly as the favorite Mustapha, who marched by his side. * * * On dismounting, the sultan went to his tent, where he robed himself for the ceremony. He here found the present of our King, worth about two thousand pounds, consisting of a magnificent aigrette. He was anxious to wear it on the occasion, but he broke the clasp in trying to put it on.

After some time spent in adorning his royal person, he came to the grand tent, and mounted his throne, which was an enormous weight of solid silver, and arms and back something like a raised sofa; upon it was a cushion so completely covered with pearls, that it was not till a subsequent inspection, I discovered its material to be red velvet. On his right hand stood the caimacan, on his left, Mustapha the favorite, and another. The sultan wore on his head a fez cap, surrounded by a train of diamonds, with an aigrette in the centre, surmounted by a most beautiful esprit feather. A large cachemire violet cloak enveloped nearly the rest of his person, except where it was opened to display a magnificent star of brilliants; one could also perceive that he wore an ample pair of Cossack trowsers, Wellington boots, and heeled spurs. The present Sir Robert Gordon had brought him, lay in a case by his side.

The sultan is about forty-five years of age. He has a handsome black beard, trimmed rather short, according to the fashion of the day; arched eyebrows, very fine eyes, and a full, round face; his profile is very distinguished and handsome. He rides remarkably well, and it is on horseback that he looks best, as his great deficiency in figure, which is want of a leg, is thereby concealed.—His chest is very broad, and his whole bust gives promise of great strength. He prides himself on being able to shoot an arrow further than any of his subjects. It may be presumed that he has not many competitors."

A Frenchman, in his recently published 'Tour through England,' remarks that 'punch in all shapes is a great favorite with the English:—punch his favorite liquor—Punch his favorite entertainment—and a *punch on the head* his favorite argument.'

Existence of Copper in Vegetables and Blood.—M. Sargean has confirmed the discovery of Meissner, that copper exists in vegetables. He has obtained small quantities from coffee, wheat, madder, blood, &c. M. Sargean has found that one milligramme of copper may be detected by the cyano-ferruret of potassium in one kilogramme of water.

HOW TO DETECT A ROGUE.

Not very far 'down east' from Boston lived a man of 'pretty considerable parts,' whose business it was to 'teach the young idea how to shoot'—and to sing Psalms on a Sabbath day.—He was considered an uncommonly 'cute fellow,' and possessed an excellent *System*, which was to push his pupils *forward* by a liberal application of birch *backward*. One day, it was a muster day, the boys applied to him for 'leave to have no school;'—but he, having the moral training of his pupils in view, put in his veto, which caused great excitement among the youngsters, which came near resulting in open rebellion—for boys generally prefer the march of soldiers to the march of intellect. There they sat, sucking their thumbs, and bitterly wailing their hard lot; the troops began to muster—the drum rolled—and they heard the Orderly Sergeant give out the command in a thundering voice—'fall in fellows!'—'right, dress!' It was too much to bear; one of the little fellows, seeing the master's back turned, slyly crept up to the stove, and placed a lump of *Asafœtida* upon it. It soon began to melt—the gas ascended, and the boys began to groan and hold their noses.

'My gracious! what's that?' asked the enraged pedagogue—'which one of you's got garlic in your pockets?—Ho—ho—youv'e put it on the stove ha'nt you? Dan Moneypenny,—did you do that, you rascal? Did you, Promise Gill? Nick Hindman' stop your laughing, you villain. Which of you has done this, tell me, you vagabonds?'

The boys all denied knowing any thing about it; and, as the stench now became too strong to bear, the master was compelled to dismiss the school and let his vengeance sleep until the morrow.

The morrow came, and the boys were separately asked if they knew any thing of the foul indignity offered to the olfactory nerves of the master? No, all were ignorant. 'Well, now,' said the master, 'you all appear to be mighty innocent—but I have a way of finding out the guilty ones.—Now all on you see that 'ere stove, do ye? Well, it's got no fire in it now, and it's quite cold; you shall go one after the other and touch it, and it will not fail to burn the guilty one. I've tried it for years, I tell you. Promise Gill, shut up all the windows and make the room dark. Now, boys, when I say, *advance*—do you go up each of you and touch the stove-pipe—the innocent need not be affeared."

He now walked lightly to the stove, and besmeared the pipe with lamp-black, and then returned to his seat, and gave the word. The boys did as they were commanded—but not one of them said he was burnt.

'Open the windows now, Promise Gill,' exclaimed the master. 'Now, boys, all on you hold up your hands. Ha! Nick Hindman—you're the feller what put the stuff on the stove yesterday!—You would'nt touch it to-day—so you ha'nt got your hands black. The rest on the boys may go home—Nick, you stay here, I've gotten a little account to settle with you.'—*Balt. Minerva.*

Ancient Writing Materials.—Books were extremely rare among the Scandinavian and Northern nations. Before their communication with the Latin Missionaries, wood appears to have been the material upon which their *runes* were chiefly written; and the verb 'write,' which is derived from a Teutonic root, signifying to 'scratch' or 'tear,' is one of the testimonies of the usage. The Cymri adopted the same plan. Their poems were graven upon small staves or rods, one line upon each face of the rod; and the old English rod, and the old English word 'stave,' as applied to a stanza, is probably a relic of the practice, which, in the early ages, prevailed in the West. In the East, you will find the custom still subsisting; the slips of bamboo upon which the inhabitants of the Indian Archipelago now 'write' or 'scratch' their compositions with a bodkin, are substantially the same with our ancient staves. Vellum or parchment afterwards supplied the place of these materials. Real paper, manufactured from the pellicle of the Egyptian reed, or papyrus, was still used occasionally in Italy, but it was seldom exported to the countries beyond the Alps; and the elaborate preparation of the vellum, upon which more care was bestowed than in the modern manuafcture, rendered it a costly article; so much so, that a pains-taking clerk could find it worth his while to erase the writings of an old book, in order to use the blank page for another manuscript. Books thus re-written are called 'codices rescripti,' or 'palimpsests.' The evanescent traces of the first 'layer' of characters may occasionally be discerned beneath the more recent text which has been imposed upon them; and some valuable fragments of the ancient classical writers have been lately recovered from such volumes, by the patient diligence of foreign antiquaries.—*History of England.*

Sicilian Vespers.—On Easter Day, 1282, when the church bells sounded for vespers at Palermo, the Sicilians rushed on all the French they could meet, and massacred them with every aggravation of cruelty. The same scene was imitated and repeated all through the island. Eight thousand French are said to have perished in this massacre, well known by the name of *Sicilian Vespers*. Peter of Arragon soon after arrived in Sicily with a fleet and army. Charles, who had hurried from Naples to avenge his countrymen, was compelled to retreat with the loss of his fleet; and Sicily was not only lost to the house of Anjou, but the Arragonese began to pass the strait, and to establish themselves in Calabria. The anger of the two competitors was not satisfied in the field; they exchanged insults and defiances, and challenged each other to single combat. Bordeaux was fixed as the rendezvous, and Edward I., a neutral monarch, was to guard the field, and guaranty the princely duelists from unfair advantage. This chivalric mode of settling their differences never took effect; Edward refused to sanction it: and although Charles of Anjou made his appearance at the time and place appointed, Peter came but to enter his protest and instantly disappear.—*Doctor Lardner's Cyclopædia.*

An Apology—When John Clark, (Lord Eldon) was at the bar, he was remarked for the sang froid with which he treated the judges. On one occasion, a junior counsel, on hearing their lordships give judgment against his client, exclaimed that "he was surprised at such a decision!" This was construed into contempt of court, and he was ordered to attend at the bar the next morning. Fearful of the consequences, he consulted his friend John Clark, who told him to be perfectly at ease, for he would apologise for him in a way that would avert any unpleasant result. Accordingly, when the name of the delinquent was called, John rose and coolly addressed the assembled tribunal. "I am very sorry, my lords, that my young friend has so far forgot himself, as to treat your bench with disrespect; he is extremely penitent, and you will kindly ascribe his unintentional insult to his ignorance. You must see at once that it did originate in that. He said he was surprised at the decision of your lordships! Now, if he had not been very ignorant of what takes place in this court every day—had he known you but half so long as I have done, curse me if he would be surprised at any thing you did."—*Aberdeen Chronicle.*

St. Paul's Person.—How little stress is to be laid on external appearance! This prince of apostles seems to hint, concerning himself, that his bodily presence was not calculated to command respect: 2 Cor. x. 10. St. Chrysostom terms him "a little man, about three cubits or four feet and a half in height." But of all other writers, Nicephorus has given us the most circumstantial account of St. Paul's person: "St. Paul was of small stature, stooping and rather inclinable to crookedness; pale-faced, of an elderly look, bald on the head. His eyes lively, keen, and cheerful, shaded in part by his eye-brows, which hung a little over. His nose rather long, and not ungracefully bent. His head pretty thick with hair, and of a sufficient length, and, like his locks, interspersed with grey."

'Ferdinand the Seventh,' said a distinguished diplomatist, 'is decidedly Priest-rid—but his people are absolutely governed by lunatics.' 'What else could be expected,' replied a friend, 'When the very capital itself is *Mad* rid.

New and Interesting Discoveries in Africa.—By the arrival of the brig Virginia at Baltimore, from Rio Janeiro, letters have been received containing the interesting intelligence that the two Landers had arrived in that city on their way to England, from Africa, having succeeded in *discovering the true course of the Niger*, and in *recovering the long-sought manuscripts of Mungo Park!* The following particulars are given in a letter, dated Rio Janeiro, April 14.

The English ship Carnarvon, which arrived at Rio Janeiro early in April, from Fernando Po, an island in the mouth of the river Camerones, in the Gulf of Guinea, brought as passengers Richard Lander, the well known companion of Clapperton, and his brother, John Lander. These young men have been absent 17 months in the employ of the British Government, in prosecuting the search after the course of the Niger. Having reached the point (mentioned in Clapperton's book) where Park was murdered, they succeeded in recovering his books, letters, manuscripts, and a double barrel gun, which was his property.

Being obliged to abandon their design of proceeding to Timbuctoo, from which they were scarcely fifteen days' journey, for want of presents to bestow, without which, there is neither found protection nor assistance from the authorities of the country, they in consequence re-embarked at the place where Mungo Park lost his life, and following the current of the river, which runs at the rate of four miles an hour, they ascertained that the Niger, before it divides itself into various branches, is ten miles wide. They then resolved to proceed by one of the most considerable of the branches which flowed rapidly to the west. As they approached the coast they were taken prisoners by the negroes who inhabit the banks of the river, and were again obliged to embark to be conducted to the presence of their king, who lived at a great distance. They were plundered and treated as slaves, and were threatened to be sold and sent into the interior. They succeeded, however, after great difficulty, in persuading the chiefs, by promise of a great reward, as well for their persons as for the property they still possessed, to send them to the coasts of Guinea.

Having again embarked, they at length arrived at the Bay of Benin, where the Europeans gave them every assistance they required.

These travelers affirm, that the river Nonn, which discharges itself in the Bay of Benin, is the most considerable branch of the Niger; and that the others, like the Calabar, also flowed to the ocean. They also stated, their guides told them that the City of Timbuctoo is not situated on the Niger, but distant from it twelve leagues to the north. They admired the beauty and fertility of the country through which they passed, the extent of which is calculated to be 1800 miles. The inhabitants of the interior are Mahometans, and are much more tractable and civilised than the negroes who inhabit the coast.

They took passage on the 6th April, in the British transport William Harris, for Portsmouth, England.

The public will expect with great anxiety the narrative of these adventurous travelers. They have solved a problem which has deeply interested the scientific world, and they cannot fail to meet with an appropriate recompense for their toils and discoveries.

It will be recollected that, a few weeks ago, we noticed the fact of a Commission having been appointed by the King of France, to visit this country, with a view of acquiring an intimate knowledge of the System of Prison Discipline practised in the United States. M. de Beaumont and M. de Tonqueville, the distinguished gentlemen composing the Commission, have spent the last two weeks at this place, and after a most laborious and careful inspection of the prison here, its construction, its order, cleanliness, discipline, and regularity, together with a strict investigation into all the minutiæ of its government and operations, we are gratified with the opportunity of stating, that they are highly pleased with the institution, and do not hesitate to pronounce it superior, in many of its branches, to any which they have ever visited in Europe. They are gentlemen of engaging manners, of good talents and acquirements, and have been repeatedly honored with distinguished offices by their country. We trust that the attention and kindness of the American people, who cannot but feel flattered with the object of their mission, will render their visit throughout the Union both pleasant and profitable.—*Winchester Herald.*

Ourang Outang.—We understand that the female Ourang Outang brought to this city from Batavia by Captain Shirley, is recovering from her late illness. This sickness was occasioned by her own indiscretion, in going to the medicine chest, and taking a quantity of sugar of lead, which came near killing her. She will probably be well enough soon to be seen by those who may call on her. We learn that she has a strong resemblance to the human form; she has long arms, which nearly reach the ground when she stands erect, with long fingers, well formed ears, flat nose, small chin, and good teeth. Her foot is deformed by a large toe, in place of the heel. She eats and drinks like a human being, and walks erect. She is sensibly affected by cold, and is fond of being covered with a blanket, which she keeps carefully folded about her person.

CANAL BOATS.

The Massillon Gazette says, the number of boats now employed on the Ohio Canal is 44, and they are distributed as follows:

In the Farmers', New York, and Ohio lines,	12
Ohio, Troy, and Erie line,	12
Hudson and Erie line,	6
Ohio line,	7
Individual, or those connected with no line,	7

There arrived at Cleveland, by way of the canal, during the month of May, 6,161,505 lbs. of property, consisting in part as follows, viz:

18,165 bushels	Wheat;
748 do.	Flaxseed;
17,814 barrels	Flour;
1,953 do.	Pork;
374 do.	Whiskey;
37½ tons	Pot and Pearl Ashes;
439 casks	Linseed Oil;
3,675 lbs.	Butter.

During the same period there were cleared at the Cleveland office, 1,610,692 lbs. of property, consisting in part as follows, viz:

1,173 bbls.	Fish;
162 bbls.	Salt;
545 tons	Merchandise;
7 tons	Gypsum.

The amount of tolls received by the collector at Cleveland during May last was $3,330 67½ cents.

The Cleveland Advertiser says, the whole quantity of Wheat that had arrived since the opening of the navigation, up to the 1st June, was 27,876 bushels; of Flour 24,561 bbls.; of Pork 2,822 bbls.

POPULATION. *From the Boston Centinel—Communicated.* Messrs. *Editors*: In looking over Martin's London Magazine, for the years 1755-56, I was struck with the comparative view of the population of the British provinces in North America, at that time, with that of the United States, in 1830. It may perhaps be amusing to our readers, and the curious in such matters, to know what the population of this continent was in those days: I have, therefore, made a copy of it, which I hand to you for publication, if you deem it worthy of a place in your columns.

In Nova Scotia, besides the military, the English inhabitants were found to be	5,000
New Hampshire	30,000
Massachusetts	200,000
Rhode Island	35,000
Connecticut	80,000
New York	90,000
New Jersey	50,000
Pennsylvania	250,000
Maryland	85,000
Virginia	97,000
North Carolina	35,000
South Carolina	30,000
Georgia	6,000
Total	989,000

FOREIGN NEWS.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

We received last evening the New York Courier and Inquirer, which contains intelligence from Liverpool to the 13th, and London to the 11th ult., by the ship Hamilton, Captain Bunker, from Liverpool—of course one day later than that we published yesterday from Baltimore. We select a few paragraphs.—*U. S. Gazette, June 14.*

ENGLAND.

The Elections.—The wise policy of the King, evinced in his prompt dissolution of the late Parliament, has been rendered manifest by the result, which has exceeded our most sanguine expectations in almost every part of the kingdom.

The discomfiture of the Lowthers, the Cholmondleys, the Newcastles, *cum multis aliis* of the same genus, gives promise of the approaching downfall of the boroughmongers, and the dawn of better days for our countrymen.

We have heard, from a friend who possesses more than ordinary means of correct information, that the anti-reformers at head quarters cannot, with confidence, reckon upon more than two hundred votes against the ministerial bill in the new Parliament. This may be a somewhat too flattering representation; but we may reasonably anticipate that a majority of more than 150 in favor of the bill will be the result of the recent appeal to the sense of the nation.—*Liverpool Courier, 13th May.*

Defeat of the Boroughmongers.—When an enemy acknowledges his defeat, we must needs believe that he has been soundly beaten. The following candid avowal is taken from the Age:—"It is useless to attempt any concealment of what all the world knows, and all the world must know that the tories have been beaten in almost every contest. At Carlisle, Colonel Lushington; in Newark, Sir Roger Gresley; in Colchester, Saunderson the bill broker, by Mayhew the vintner; in Sandwich, Grove Price; in Maidstone, Alderman Winchester; in Liverpool, General Gascoyne; in Monmouth, the Marquis of Worcester; in Warwick, Greville; in Norwich, Wetherill. Every where, almost, the anti-reform men and the anti-reform interests have been beaten. This, however, is not the worst. If two people fight, one must get a beating, but he has the satisfaction of showing that he thought well of his party, that he did not despair of the cause in which he had embarked. But what shall we say of the flight and the desertion of those who do not try, who yield without a blow. What shall we say of Sir Edward Knatchbull's yielding of Kent, Hart Davis's flight from Bristol, William Duncombe from Yorkshire, Patten Gold from Lancashire, Sir John R. Reid from Dover, Lord Villiers from Rochester, Matthew Bell from Northumberland, Heathcote and Fleming from Hampshire, and Ward from London? What shall we say of it, we repeat?—Why, that rank cowardice has taken possession of one party, and that the reign of terror is triumphant."

IRELAND.

Famine in the West of Ireland.—The Rt. Rev. Dr. Machall, a Roman Catholic Bishop, has published a letter to Earl Gray, in behalf of the suffering poor of the West of Ireland. "Famine," he says, "is extending its ravages in Mayo, and it is, my lord, my painful duty to communicate through you to his Majesty's government, that already some lives have become the victims of this calamity. On last week, having visited a distant parish of this diocess, I learned the afflicting news that contagion, the effect of want, prevailed to a great extent; that in one instance the father, mother and three children were stretched on the same bed, without a morsel of nourishment, or a penny to procure it, or a human being to go in quest of relief, but as it was administered by the casual visits of some charitable neighbors, and that the first intimation which the father received of the death of his wife was from the lips of the sucking babe being besmeared with the blood which, instead of milk, it extracted from the breast of its deceased mother!!!"

From the National Gazette.

In England, the cause of Reform carries all before it. The Reform bill, says the London Times, is as safe as if it had passed through both houses of Parliament, and received the Royal assent. Four hundred and forty-seven members have already been returned, and in this number the nett gain in favor of Reform is ninety-four. The estimate that in the Commons there will be a majority of one hundred and fifty in favor of this great measure will prove to be correct. We may reasonably anticipate, says the Liverpool Courier of the 13th, that a majority of more than one hundred in favor of the bill will be the result of the recent appeal to the sense of the nation. England and Wales send 468 members to Parliament. The Courier of the 11th of May contains returns of 240 places out of 268, which shows an estimated majority in favor of Reform of 113.

The same paper has the following paragraph:—"We have no less hesitation in confessing that however great was our pleasure and satisfaction, we believe a vast majority even of the greatest Reformers were surprised at the comprehensiveness of the Reform Bill brought forward by his Majesty's Ministers. We anticipated that the greatest difficulties would be encountered in the attempt to pass a measure of such transcendant importance, constituted as was the late House of Commons; and we felt convinced that nothing short of recurrence to the voice of the people would enable the Government to carry the bill.—We therefore hailed the dissolution as a most necessary and most constitutional measure. The spirit of reform was abroad, and the spirit was not likely to be diminished by the lengthened discussions which had taken place. To the result of the new elections we looked forward with the best founded hopes of success; but that the Commons of England would answer the call of the King to the extraordinary extent they have done, we did not expect.

The celebrated Catholic Prelate, Dr. Doyle, has written a letter, from which the following extract is published. "The cause of the nation must be triumphant: this is as certain as the rising of the sun: but whether that triumph shall be obtained by peaceable means, or through a sea of blood, depends merely on the issue of the present elections. The issue, therefore, is a cause of life or death to the people; and the man is a traitor to his own interests—to the interests of his own children and of his country, who does not exert whatever privileges he may possess, to support the best of Kings and his Ministers in their present contest with a powerful and despotic party."

A conference of the Ministers of the Great Powers was held on the affairs of Belgium, says the Courier of the 11th May, yesterday afternoon, at the Foreign office. It was attended by the French, Austrian, and Russian Ambassadors, the Prussian, Austrian, and Russian Ministers, and Viscount Palmerston. The conference lasted two or three hours.

The London Courier of 11th May says, we have Paris papers of 9th inst. Their contents are not of importance. Our private letters state, that the answers given by the Austrian Cabinet on the subject of the assemblage of Austrian troops, although on the whole satisfactory, are not very conclusive. No doubt, however, is entertained but that the most satisfactory explanation will be given.

Prince Talleyrand has been authorised to state to his Government that the British Cabinet have refused to entertain the proposal to place the crown of Belgium on the head of Prince Leopold, and have left the affair entirely to the discretion of his Royal Highness.

Prince Lieven has stated to Lord Palmerston that the Emperor of Russia will cheerfully adopt any suggestion for the settlement of Poland, *after having put down the revolution there!* It is understood that some positive interference will take place on the part of France and England, particularly on the part of France, as M. Casimir Perrier observed to the Russian Ambassador in Paris last week, that the internal tranquility of France depended in a great degree on the success of the Poles, or the justice of the Emperor Nicholas after defeating them.—*Spec.*]

A French Journal favorable to the cause of the Poles, takes the following view of their situation:

"Diebitsch is then about to march on Warsaw with all his army in one united mass, in place of advancing as formerly in several corps, along, as is were, the radii of a circle of which Warsaw was the centre. Thus, as we have already explained, a new series of military operations is commencing. After the checks which the Russians formerly experienced, and after the fruitlessness of their different attempts, a fourth plan of campaign is about to be developed. Each of the armies has resumed its original part—the Russians the offensive, and the Poles the defensive."

From the London Courier of May 11.

Just as we were going to press, we received Hamburgh and other German papers to the 6th inst. They do not contain any further actual news from the theatre of war, but are as usual filled with reports of a conflicting nature. The Prussian State Gazette gives a semi-official Bulletin, and from this document even it would appear that there is no truth in the defeat, which is reported to have been sustained by the Poles, at Kaluzyn, on the 25th ult. It is stated from Berlin, under date of the 1st inst. that the main army of the Russians was advancing against the Poles, with great rapidity; but it appears to be subjected to great privations and difficulties. According to a report from the Lithuanian frontier, Gen. Fricken had marched from Mittau and Kowno with 4,000 men, and had succeeded in joining the guards in the province of Augustown, and had wholly quelled the insurrection in that province.

It was announced officially at St. Petersburgh, that the cholera morbus had entirely ceased in the colonies in Southern Russia. The latest accounts from Berlin mentioned that there was great mortality at Warsaw, caused by typhus fever.

London, May 9th.—The letters from Antwerp this morning, are of a decidedly unfavorable nature. It appears impossible to avoid a conflict between the Belgians and Dutch, and, from the preparations which are going on, it must be in a very short time. The Belgians have sent 17 sixty-six pounders from the town, to a point which commands considerable power over the citadel. Some correspondence took place between General Chasse and the Belgian Commander, upon that circumstance, which correspondence has been forwarded to the Hague, the consequence of which has been that some further explanations have been demanded by Chasse.

Letters from Maracaybo of the date of the 20th of May, represent the state of the whole of Colombia in the worst possible light. Few of the numerous departments of that extensive country were tranquil, and the suppression of a rebellion in one quarter was the sure forerunner of a new commotion in another.

In Venezuela, General Monagas, the Vice President elect, had rebelled on account of the refusal of the Government to adjust some outstanding claims. He had proceeded to within 14 leagues of Caracas, and had even pushed some advanced parties within four leagues of that city, when he was compelled to retreat, by the defeat of his brother, to the extensive plains of the Orinoco. Thither Paez was about following him in person, but from the nature of the country it was supposed that Monagas would be able to make a protracted resistance.

To the westward, Rio Hacha had declared itself a free port, and independent of all control.—No news had been received at Maracaybo, of the surrender of Carthagena to Luque and Carmona, but it was asserted that Montilla had offered to yield and retire into private life, provided his property were assured to him; terms which the besieging generals had refused.

It was not supposed that Flores—a good officer, and very popular—would remain long quiet at Guayaquil. Urdaneta, now the head of the Government of New Granada, appears to be involved in considerable difficulties. The self-styled "Liberal" party is very strong, and the Bogotan troops sent against Obando, have met with a complete defeat. Briceno, the Commandant of Cucuta, has been compelled to retreat to the capital, after being entirely routed at a place called Sogamoro, about half way between Maracaybo and Bogota. Maracaybo itself was quiet and entirely reconciled to the government of Paez, but money was extremely scarce, the commerce of the place nearly annihilated, and the general depression and wretchedness of the country daily increasing.—*National Gazette.*

PITTSBURGH BANK-NOTE EXCHANGE,

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.		*District Columbia*, gen.	½
U. S. Bank & bran.	par	*Michigan*, $5 & upw.	3
Philadelphia Banks	do	*New York.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh	do	City Banks	1
Easton	do	Troy and Albany	2
Germantown	do	Mohawk Bk. Schen.	do
Erie	1	Newburgh	do
Montgomery county	par	Orange county	do
West Chester	do	Catskill	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Auburn	do
Harrisburgh	do	Geneva	do
Bucks county	do.	Centr. Bk. Cher. Val.	do
Lancaster Bank	½	Chenango	2
Northampton	½	Utica Bk. & branches	do
York Bank	½	Ontario Bk. at Utica	do
Chambersburgh	1	do. at Canandaigua	do
Greensburgh	33⅓	Rochester	do
Brownsville	½	Niagara Bank	no sale
Gettysburgh	½	*Georgia.*	
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	St. Bks. gen. $5 & up.	4½
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	½	*Maryland.*	
Pottsville Bank,	unc.	Baltimore City Bks.	par
Ohio.		George's county	½
Bank of Steubenville,	25	Annap. & br. Easton	do
F. & M. B'k. of do.	½	Fredk. co. Hav. deGra.	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Westminster	do
Western Reserve	½	Hagerstown	do
St. Clairsville	½	Williamsport	do
Bank of Chillicothe	½	*New Jersey.*	
Lancaster	½	St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Marietta	½	Trenton Bank	do
Columbus	½	New Brunswick	do
Canton	2	Mount Holly	do
Portsmouth, $5 and upwards,	3	Camden	do
Indiana.		Cumberland	do
F. & M. Bk. Madison	12½	Newark Insurance	do
Br. at Lawrenceb.	50	State Bank at Morris	do
North Carolina.		do. at Elizabetht'n	do
State bk. & branches		Sussex	do
$5 and upwards,	5	Paterson bank	unc
South Carolina.		*Connecticut.*	
Charleston, $5 & up.	3	New Haven Bk. do.	2
Delaware.		Bridgeport	do
Bank of Delaware	½	Middletown bank	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	*Virginia.*	
Branch at Newcastle	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
do. at Wilm'gton	½	Valley B'k & bran.	do
do. at Georget'n	½	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
Wilmington & Bran.	2	*Rhode Island.*	
Massachusetts.		Providence Banks	2
Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2	Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Springfield	2	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Hamsh. Bk. N. Hampt.	2	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
Salem	2	Oth. R. I. notes, gen.	do
Worcester	2	*Vermont.*	
Other Massach. notes	2	Burlington	3
		New Hampshire, gen.	3

FOR SALE, a House and Lot of Ground in the city of Pittsburgh, on Fifth, between Wood and Market streets, now in the occupancy of John Morton. The Lot is 34 feet on Fifth street, and extends backwards 120 feet.

Also, a life lease of a piece of ground, and the buildings thereon, on Fifth, between Wood and Smithfield streets, adjoining property of Lightner & Kingsland, containing about 14 feet on Fifth street, and extending back 60 feet. Apply to the subscriber in Allegheny town, between Mr. Mowry's tannery and Mr. Park's brick house.

ALEX. M'EARLAND.

June 14, 1831.—Ttf

NEWEST FASHIONS.

MISS E. DICKSON takes leave to acquaint the Ladies of Pittsburgh, that she has just returned from the cities of New York and Philadelphia, with a selection of the newest and most fashionable patterns of *Summer Hats, Dressing Room and Promenade Dresses.* A very splendid assortment of *Fancy Goods*, adapted to the season, has arrived, to which the attention of the Ladies is respectfully invited. A new style of *French Spencers and Caps*, together with full dress *Turbans*, on hand, at the Dress Ware Rooms of the MISSES DICKSON, St. Clair street, Exchange Buildings. June 14—3t

A FOREMAN IN A ROLLING MILL WANTED.—A man capable of making Boiler Iron, Sheet Iron, and Nail Plates; who understands the slitting of rods and the turning of grooved rolls, for the making of round and square Iron—and who is of good character and steady habits, will find constant employment and liberal wages, on application to

LEWIS HERFORD,
Marie Works, Lancaster Co. Pa.
June 14, 1831—w3t$1.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF FIRST QUALITY LAND, situate on Rushy Run, in Luzerne township, Fayette county, containing nearly 400 acres, of which about 150 acres are cleared, and the rest in fine woodland, with a considerable portion of good meadow ground, watered by several small streams. The buildings on it consist of a good dwelling house, barn and out houses. It is about five miles from Brownsville, and the road from Uniontown to Crawford's ferry, on the Monongahela, runs directly through it. It is also convenient to places of worship, in a finely settled and improved country, and presents altogether one of the most desirable tracts in the Redstone settlement. The terms will be made easy, and on payment of part of the purchase money, time will be given for the residue. The tract is at present principally in the tenure of Edward Eaglen; but further information will be given by Stephen Darlington, Esq., in the neighborhood, or by the subscriber, in Philadelphia. H. D. GILPIN

March 29, 1831—w3m

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public, that they have now in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which will enable them to supply with promptitude, to any extent, orders for CARDS, from No. 28 to 33, and to any length, from 12 to 30 inches. Also, FILLETING from one to two inches. ☞Cottonand Woollen manufacturers, and carding machine builders, will be accommodated, on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States. Orders thankfully received.

☞The following papers will insert the above advertisement, weekly, four months, and charge this office:—Steubenville Herald, Chilicothe Gazette, Wheeling Gazette, Cincinnati Gazette, Columbus Journal, and the paper at

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17, 1831.

CORRECTION.—In our last paper, in the letter relative to the origin of the disputes at Washington, an omission was made, which entirely obscured the meaning of a sentence. The sentence should have read as follows:—"The sturdy, faithful, and fearless friend, Colonel Towson, took upon himself to expostulate with the President, and warn him of the consequences, and [on the same evening notified Major Eaton] in the drawing room of the British minister that he had so acted." The words in brackets were omitted in our paper.

WILLIAM HAYS requests us to state that he accepts the nomination for the Senate, and declines that for the Assembly.

SOMETHING NEW.—A gentleman, recently from St. Louis, informs us that, while in that city, he saw in a warehouse twenty-two hundred weight of copper, made at the lead mines in Missouri.

INCREASE OF THE MANUFACTURE OF IRON IN PITTSBURGH.—At a meeting of the citizens of Pittsburgh, held at the court-house, on the 28th of December, 1816, Mr. Forward, in behalf of the Committee appointed at a previous meeting, made a report, from which the following is extracted:—

"In Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity there is an annual consumption of pig iron to the amount of *one thousand eight hundred tons*, which gives employment to about 150 hands. The value produced is estimated at 225,000 dollars per annum. Of wrought iron, there is annually worked up above two thousand tons, furnishing, according to the best estimate in the power of the committee, a produce of one million three hundred thousand dollars."

We are assured that the consumption of iron in and about Pittsburgh now exceeds *eighteen thousand tons*, and still rapidly increases.

FOREIGN NEWS.—The foreign news in this day's paper will be found highly interesting, although there is nothing of a decisive nature. The retreat of the Russians is an encouraging circumstance, but is perhaps counterbalanced by the disarming of Dwernicki, "the provider of cannon."—It will be seen that the Russians claim a victory near Minsk, and attribute their retreat entirely to a want of provisions, expressing their determination to advance again as soon as provisions are secured. Be the result however as it may, Skrzynecki and the Poles have, by their gallantry and patriotism, proved themselves worthy of that liberty and independence for which they are contending.

From the National Gazette.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

We have received London papers down to the 10th ult. The most interesting part of the intelligence is the retreat of the Russian army, which had advanced under Diebitsch, but was compelled to fall back, even it is said beyond the original head quarters at Siedlec, owing to the want of provisions, and the courageous and skillful conduct of the Poles. It appears, however, but too certain, that the Polish General Dwernecki, who had entered Volhynia, was driven by the Russians into the Austrian territories, where his troops were disarmed. The London Morning Chronicle, of the 14th ult. remarks that the retrograde movement of the Russian commander-in-chief must have been dictated by a great necessity, as he has left every where an immense *materiel* behind; and that paper adds—

"As the country through which the Russians are retrograding is open and the Polish cavalry is excellent, we may lay our accounts with few Russians escaping them. Letters from Memel announce the force of the insurgents to be again increased at Polangen. The prospects of the Poles are now exceedingly bright."

Another and able London editor friendly to the Polish cause holds this language—

"On the whole, we think that the situation of the Poles is much more favorable than we could have hoped, when we consider the force and the resources which are opposed to them; but there is no doubt, notwithstanding all we have heard to the contrary, that the war against them is extremely popular in Russia, and that if it is continued they must be finally overwhelmed. The appearance of the cholera morbus among them accelerates this catastrophe, because it necessarily deprives them of that assistance which they have hitherto received from neutral powers, without any breach of their neutrality: and we cannot, therefore, avoid expressing our regret and surprise, that amidst all the sympathy, and even encouragement, which is offered to the Poles in the recorded expressions of the members of almost every government in Europe, no hand has hitherto been held up to assist them, or to avert the blow which seems every day to threaten their destruction. Surely the affairs of Poland are as legitimate an object of national interference as those of Greece or Belgium."

LONDON DATES TO THE 16th MAY, INCLUSIVE.

The Elections.—The Morning Chronicle of the 16th says: "The majority of members in favor of Reform is now immense. The battle has, on the whole, been nobly fought by the people, and they may calculate with confidence on the success of the Bill."

The progress of Reform in England was going on most triumphantly. Of 539 members already returned, the difference in favor of Reform was, according to the Courier, 139.

The Liverpool Times says: "The English County Elections have now terminated in the return of upwards of seventy reformers, and of not more than five opponents of reform. The counties of Buckingham, Huntingdon, and Westmoreland, each send one anti-reformer to Parliament, and Shropshire possesses the undivided disgrace of having returned two. The result of the Northamptonshire and Dorset elections is not yet known, but the effect which they can produce will be to give the anti-reformers seven County members, instead of five. We are certain therefore of a majority of upwards of *ten to one*, happen what may; and our expectation is, that the two elections which are still doubtful, will increase, and not diminish the majority in favor of reform."

From the London Courier of May 14.

We announced some time ago, that an expedition had sailed from this country for the Tagus, with instructions to demand from Don Miguel a full and immediate apology and reparation for the insults and outrages committed against British subjects, and other unjustifiable instances of disregard of the British character. We are now enabled to state that accounts were received this morning, from Lisbon, announcing that Don Miguel has complied with all the demands of the British Government. The offenders, whose dismissal and punishment had been required, have been dismissed and punished, and their names are published in the Lisbon Gazette. Every other concession, apology, or reparation, has been also promptly made, in obedience to the just instructions of the head of our foreign department, who has in this affair evinced a regard for the national honor which must be attended with beneficial consequences. The policy of the British Government is now to respect the laws of all nations, but to allow none of the subjects of William IV. to be robbed or insulted with impunity.

It would also appear that Don Miguel had complied with the demands of the French Government. The Messager des Chambres, of the 17th, says:—

"The Finisterre Journal of Brest, contains the following article:—'We learn from a source which may be deemed authentic, that Don Miguel has agreed to give France the satisfaction and indemnities she requires. This will sufficiently explain the suspension of the levy of marines ordered by the Minister of the Naval Department, and prove to that government that France shall be respected and obeyed every time she assumes an attitude worthy of herself.'"

POLAND AND RUSSIA.

Accounts from Poland are extremely favorable. For the fourth time, the Balkan crosser has been foiled by the brave Poles. His first attempt was to force his way to Warsaw, and in this he was defeated by the intrepidity of the Polish army; he then attempted to cross the Vistula, first to the north, and afterwards to the south of the capital, but was equally unsuccessful in both those attempts; his fourth and last effort has been to approach Warsaw by way of Minsk; but the bold attitude of the Poles, and the want of provisions, have again compelled him to retreat. The motives assigned by General Diebitsch are the want of provisions, and the destitute state of the country which he has invaded. It is stated, positively, that the cholera morbus was making frightful ravages in the army, which can no longer contend against the Poles, who were comparatively suffering little from the disease.

A letter from Warsaw of the date of the 2d of May, states that, in the precipitation of his retreat, he had been obliged to leave ten thousand sick at Siedlec, and all the accounts represent the flight as most disorderly.

The accounts from the main army of the Poles, are of the 2d inst. when they were still advancing amidst constant skirmishing, and their head quarters were at Jendrezejow. The most satisfactory accounts are received of the spread of the insurrection in Lithuania.

The advices from St. Petersburgh to-day, which come down to the 17th ult. advert to the reinforcements destined to join General Diebitsch, and, according to all the accounts, the Emperor Nicholas was resolved, at any expense, to subjugate the Poles. The amount of reinforcements is differently stated, and probably the writers are little acquainted with the real fact. The health of St. Petersburgh had not been attacked by any epidemic disorder.

RUSSIAN ACCOUNT OF THE RETREAT.

The Prussian State Gazette of May 6th, gives the following account of the advance of their troops upon Minsk,—of the defeat of the Poles there- -and of the subsequent retrograde movement, for want of an enemy to fight, and food to eat:

"We have news from the Russian head-quarters at Minsk of 28th April, one day later than the preceding. These accounts relate the particulars of the advance of the army from Siedlec, in which little of importance occurred. Near Minsk, however, there was a very sharp action between the Russian vanguard and the rear of the Polish army, in which the Poles are said to have lost several hundred killed, besides wounded and prisoners, the loss of the Russians was 20 killed, and, at the most, 100 wounded. Among the latter is General Slobelow, commander of the second division of the 1st corps, who had an arm carried off by a cannon ball.

"The enemy retreated towards Stransislawow. The Russian vanguard pushed forward towards Dembe Wilkie. Gen. Uminski has also retreated from the vicinity of Wengrow.

"Among the Polish prisoners are some hundreds laboring under the cholera. The disorder appears to abate in violence, although there are some cases where death is very sudden. Many patients soon recover, and there are several divisions of troops in which there were some patients, but the disorder had been propagated by infection. The report concludes as follows: As the army of the rebels has every where shown but little inclination to accept the battle which was offered to it; and the whole country in which the Russian army is now, has already been the theatre of war, and is so entirely exhausted, that even a little straw is scarcely to be had, the Russian army will return to its former positions, and in the sequel, when its subsistence has been secured for a long time, will find means to compel the rebels to a battle, which will decide the fate of their country.

"The advances of the Russian army must have convinced the Poles that their advantages obtained in the beginning of this month are not so decisive as the enthusiastic reports of their Journals represent them.

We present to-day to our readers *The Annual Report on the Delaware and Chesapeake Canal.* We have, from time to time, published statements of the success which has attended this work since it was opened for navigation, and it will be seen that these are fully confirmed by the results of a year's trial. It is remarked that not only has nothing occurred to alter the favorable views previously entertained of its successful operation, but that since the navigation commenced, in October, 1829, it has never been impeded a single day except by ice; and even in this respect, that the canal could be passed at all times when the river Delaware itself was free from ice. Several additional works have been constructed to improve and secure the canal, during the year; and but little of this nature now remains. "When these things," it is stated in the Report, "which are incidental to the completion of the work, are done, it is believed the contingent expenses of the Company, owing to the peculiar character of the canal, will be less in proportion than those of almost any other; as the whole cost of keeping it in repair, supervision and all other expenses, will probably not exceed a half per cent. per annum on the capital stock."

Several regular lines of packets for the transportation of merchandise, and two daily lines of steamboat barges for passengers, have been employed on the canal throughout the last year. Five thousand two hundred and eighty pass bills have been issued to trading vessels during the year, which are thus divided in the report:—

1230 packets with merchandise,
600 vessels with 13,332 cords of wood,
272 vessels, &c. with 7,118,734 feet of lumber,
294 vessels with 101,462 barrels of flour,
246 vessels with 289,173 bushels of wheat, &c.
2638 vessels with cotton, iron, whiskey, fish, &c.

The tolls received since the last year's report, amount to $62,223 15 cents, and are said to be an increase this season over those of a corresponding period of the last, of nearly fifty per cent.

It is truly stated "that a large portion of this trade could not have come to this city, in consequence of its bulky character, except by the canal; and its effects are strongly indicated by an increased business and demand for stores, particularly on the margin of the Delaware, where the effects of this new trade are more directly and obviously seen and its benefits felt."—*National Gazette.*

Substitute for Oil.—The Buffalo Journal mentions that an individual in New York has obtained a patent for a liquid composition designed as a substitute for oil. It is represented as emitting a brilliant light, without smoke—but what is of most consequence is that the article will be offered at about half the cost of oil, as soon as the necessary apparatus for its manufacture on a large scale shall be completed.

The Washington Telegraph, of Tuesday, puts the following questions to the Globe:

"Will the Globe deny that Mr. Ingham, Governor Branch, and Mr. Berrien, were dismissed because they refused to compel their families to associate with that of Major Eaton?

"Will the Globe deny that in January, 1830, a member of Congress waited upon these gentlemen, and informed them that it was the President's determination to remove them from office, unless they conformed to his wishes in this respect?

"Will the Globe deny that Mr. Van Buren availed himself of his peculiar situation to ingratiate himself into the favor of the President by urging the propriety of their doing so?

"Will the Globe deny that these gentleman gave an unqualified refusal; and that they, at that time, declared their readiness to give up their respective offices, rather than hold them on such condition?

"Will the Globe deny that the "malign influence" *now* controls the public patronage? If it does, we pledge ourselves to prove the truth of our assertions, either in a court of justice or before a committee of Congress."

Busy tongued rumor says that Judge Overton has come from Tennessee, deputied by General Jackson's individual and most influential friends of that State, to remonstrate earnestly with him upon the desperate turn he seems disposed to give to certain *delicate* affairs that have been the true origin of the rupture in the Cabinet. The acceptance of the War Office by Judge White, probably depends upon the success of Judge Overton's mission----that gentleman making certain conditions---such as the dismissal of Amos Kendall, and of Major Lewis, and such an arrangement of *domestic* society as will justify the return of Mr. Donaldson to the President's house, as the only terms upon which he will take office.

The Washington Globe says, there is reason to believe that Mr. White (who refused the War Department) "will make a sacrifice of his private feelings to the public service," and accept it.

The Doylestown Democrat of Tuesday, says: "When we stated the tender to Mr. Ingham of the appointment of minister to Russia, we said it was on *unquestionable* authority. We had then, and have now, such authority for the statement."

New York, June 14.—Captain Gregory, of the U. S. ship Falmouth, at our Navy Yard, ready for sea, has received his final orders. It is supposed Mr. Van Buren will have the honor of being conveyed in this ship to England, he having been appointed Minister at the Court of St. James. Mr. Van B. was in town yesterday, and we have not heard whether he will visit his family previous to his embarkation.

The Ontario Repository says that Charles Butler, Esq. of Geneva, is to be Mr. Van Buren's Secretary of Legation.

Signs of the Times.—A late Richmond Whig says, in allusion to the Jackson misrule:—"Virginia has not yet spoken, but the signs are so plain here, that all can perceive, who do not wilfully shut their eyes, that when she does speak out, General Jackson will retire from the contest, or stand no chance of re-election."—*Baltimore American.*

A large public meeting was held in Boston, on Friday last, for the purpose of instituting a subscription for the Fayetteville sufferers. Mr. Webster addressed the meeting, and proposed the resolutions. It was voted at once to send two thousand dollars in anticipation of the collections to be made. Further—

"It was stated by Mr. Tucker that Messrs. E. Copeland & Co., the owners of the schooner Only Son, which was to sail for Wilmington on Sunday morning, would transport, free of charge, any articles that might be sent to the relief of the sufferers; in consequence of which, it was voted, that Messrs. Martin Brimmer, William Tucker, and Henry Rice, be a sub-committee to purchase such articles of provision and clothing as they may deem expedient, to the amount of five hundred dollars, and send to the proper authority at Fayeteville for distribution to those who need them."

Death by Hydrophobia.—It becomes our melancholy task to state, that about seven weeks since, *Mr. Richard Foster*, a citizen of Pike county, in this state, was bitten on the wrist, by his own dog, in attempting to chain him, after he had discovered signs of canine madness. Immediately after the occurrence of this accident, Mr. Foster resorted to slight precautionary remedies to arrest the effects of the bite:—such as applying salt to the wound and being cupped. He experienced no pain, nor was there the slightest indication of any symptom of disease until the *fortieth day*—Saturday last—when he felt a twitching pain in his wrist, accompanied by a slight local inflammation about the wound. Being somewhat alarmed, he came to town on that day to consult one of our physicians; and returned home the same afternoon. On the succeeding evening (Sunday) he was taken with a chill which was followed by fever, and an increased pain of the bitten wrist and arm. On Monday morning, whilst he was sitting at breakfast with his family, the first positive symptom of Hydrophobia developed itself, in his attempting to drink a cup of coffee. Medical aid was immediately resorted to, but to no purpose—the fatal disease had taken firm hold; and such was its rapid strides, that he expired in a little over twenty-four hours, from its first general development, in the most excruciating agony.—*Scioto Gaz. June 15.*

Messrs. Dunott and Fairlamb, of Wilmington, Del. have lately invented a machine, by which, (says the Delaware Journal) they are enabled to expedite the production of biscuit or crackers, to almost any extent. It is stated that, in the present incipient state of the machine, it will make sixty thousand handsomely finished crackers in an hour! The machine is said to be a neat piece of workmanship, occupying little more space than a common spinning wheel. The inventors have obtained a patent for this notable cracker-spinner, and propose sending a model to England.

Important Experiment.—The New York Daily Advertiser says—In cleaning the cabin of the ship Birmingham, on Saturday last, some cotton was used, which became partly saturated with linseed oil, and after a while it took fire. It was then determined to try an experiment. A small quantity of cotton was partially dipped in linseed oil, and was placed in the shade, which became ignited in two hours. The experiment was repeated for the third time, and the result was the same, it being two hours each time before the cotton took fire.

Novel application of Steam.—Steam has lately been applied with great success in some of the French ports, to the destruction of vermin on board of merchant vessels. After having carefully closed the hatches and every aperture, the steam is suddenly introduced, and in twenty-four hours every living thing which may have been brought in with the cargoes is destroyed.

Longevity in Liverpool.—A comparison of the annual bill of mortality in Liverpool for the last year, with that of New York, would seem to show the former city much more favorable to length of life than the latter. The total number of deaths for the year in Liverpool was 3844, of which 122 were at upwards of eighty years, 16 between ninety and a hundred, and 3 above a hundred. In New York, for the same time, out of a total of 5537 deaths, there were 44 between eighty and ninety years, nine between ninety and a hundred, and four upwards of a hundred. This shows a large odds in favor of Liverpool.

The Steam-mill which has been building in this village, is complete. It will commence grinding the fore part of this week; and will, it is thought, grind 150 bbls. of flour in a day.—*Cleaveland Advertiser.*

The Pennsylvania Canal continues in good navigable order to Northumberland, at the junction of the North and West Branches, and to Huntingdon on the Juniata.

The following statement will be satisfactory to every one who feels any interest in our public improvements.

From the opening of the Navigation in March to the 10th of June, the clearances at Harrisburgh were	550
Tolls at Harrisburgh to 10th June	$6000 00
Tolls at Duncan's Island Towing Path Bridge from Jan. 1.	2374 71
Tolls at Middletown from out-let locks	584 03
Total tolls	$8951 03

The first boat that passed up and down through from Philadelphia to Huntingdon, was the Emily, of Philadelphia, Bechtel, master.

The Executive of Maryland has transmitted to the Sheriff of Frederick county, the death warrant of JOHN MARKLEY, which is to be put in execution on Friday the 25th of June, before 12 o'clock.

Capt. Crocker.—The New York Mercantile Advertiser says—This venerable captain arrived in the Packet Ship Pacific, from Liverpool on Tuesday morning, which completed his *one hundred and sixtieth* passage across the Atlantic. Capt. Crocker has been a commander since the year 1792, and with one exception never had occasion to call upon the underwriters for loss or damages sustained at sea to vessels under his command. The case embraced in this exception was, in the ship Otis, of New York, lying in the Downs on 17th Feb. 1807, when nearly one hundred vessels were either lost or injured, the Otis also sustained considerable damage. For Capt. C's. exertions on that occasion, in saving his ship and cargo from total wreck, the underwriters at Lloyd's presented him with 500 guineas, and a piece of plate valued at fifty guineas. In the long series of years, during which Capt. Crocker has been at sea, he has traded only to Europe- -but he has been in almost every port in that Continent. He has saved the lives of thirty-two persons by receiving them from wrecks.

DIED,

Of a paralytic stroke, on the 15th instant, in the 75th year of his age, Mr. SAMUEL M'CORD, of Ross township, for upwards of 41 years a resident of Allegheny county.

NAT'AL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Senate—Col. JAMES JOHNSTON.
Assembly—HUGH DAVIS,
SAMUEL GORMLY,
FRANCIS C. FLANAGAN,
WILLIAM HAYS.

ANTI-MASONIC TICKET.

Senate—WILLIAM HAYS.
Assembly—DAVID GILLELAND,
FRANCIS KERNS,
JAMES HULTZ,
ANDREW BAYNE.
Sheriff—JOSEPH WELSH.
Commissioner—JAMES HILANDS.
Coroner—HUGH M'CLELLAND.
Auditor—JOHN RANKIN.

LONDON BOTANIC, or VEGETABLE OIL SOAP; and also the IMPERIAL RENOVATOR; Or, *The General Restoratives of Ladies' Dresses and Gentlemen's Clothing*, of every description of color or quality, without the least injury to either.

MR. TRENCH respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity that he has returned to this city, and will remain a few days, to afford an opportuntiy to the public to obtain the above valuable articles. He respectfully invites the ladies who may wish to obtain any of the above articles, to satisfy themselves of the benefits to be derived from them, and send their address to him, and he will with promptitude and pleasure wait upon them at their houses, in order to convince them of the invaluable qualities of those arcles, and to furnish them if required. And the most satisfactory proofs given that the practice of sending fine dresses on account of such stains to the dyer's may be in such cases dispensed with at all times, by applying to J. TRENCH, Inventer and Manufacturer, at Mr. Griffith's hotel.
Pittsburgh, June 21.

AN EXAMINATION of the Graduates in the Western University, will take place on *Friday, the 24th instant*, at 9 o'clock. The Trustees and the Literary Gentlemen of the city are invited to attend. The commencemeut will be held on *Friday, July 1st*, in the Hall of the New University, at 10 o'clock---Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to attend.
ROBERT BRUCE.
June 21, 1831.---2t

FOR SALE CHEAP!—*A first rate Barouche*, with steel springs, calculated for two horses: it can be seen at Griffith's Hotel, corner of Wood and Third streets---For terms inquire of the Editor. June 21.----4t.

State of Pennsylvania, Allegheny County, ss.

THE PAMPHLET LAWS

OF this Commonwealth, passed at the session of the Legislature for 1830-31 have been received at the Prothonotary's Office of said county, and are ready for delivery to those entitled to receive them. WM. M'CANDLESS, Pro.
Prothonotary's Office, June 21---w3t

NEW NOVEL.—"*THE DUTCHMAN'S FIRE-SIDE;* a Tale, by J. K. Paulding, author of John Bull in America, &c., is received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, 51 Market street. June 21---2t

CARD TO PRINCIPALS OF SEMINARIES

JUST Published, in the city of Baltimore, by JOHN J. HARROD, 172 Baltimore street, "*A Key to the Questions in Adams's Geography,*" together with an account of the principal Countries, Kingdoms, States, Cities, and Towns, with a description of the most remarkable mountains, rivers, &c. &c. in the world. By Miss Alice Hunt Pennell, Preceptress of the Female Classical School, Easton, Talbot county, Md.

This Key is admirably calculated to facilitate the teacher's convenience and the pupil's progress in that interesting study---also, to render the use of Adams' excellent system of Geography more general. Price $2 per dozen; retail 25 cents.
June 21, 1831---3t

PENNSYLVANIA SUPREME COURT

REPORTS.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, 51 Market street, Pittsburgh, have just received "Reports of Cases adjudged in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. By William Rawle, Jr., Charles B. Penrose, and Fred'k Watts, Counsellors at Law, Volume 1. June 21---tf

TURNPIKE NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Turnpike Road are hereby requested to pay in the second instalment of five dollars on each and every share, on or before the 15th day of July next. As the contractor is progressing rapidly, it is hoped the above call will be attended to.
June 21 JAMES BARR, Treas'r.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN RUSSELL, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all persons having claims on the estate will present them for settlement.
MALCOLM LEECH,
WILLIAM LIPPENCOTT,
Executors.
Pittsburgh, June 21, 1831.---3t*

NEW ARRANGEMENT
FOR 1831!

DAILY LINE

FROM WHEELING TO PITTSBURGH, &c.

BY STEAM BOAT & STAGES.

☞This line runs through from Wheeling, via Wellsburgh and Steubenville, to Pittsburgh, and from thence to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Lake Erie, &c., &c.

THE MAIL STEAM BOAT runs between Wheeling and Steubenville: leaves Wheeling daily, at 9 o'clock in the evening, and arrives at Steubenville at 3 o'clock in the morning: the mail departs from Steubenville in the stage at 4 o'clock, A. M., and arrives in Pittsburgh at 1, P. M. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 4 A. M., arrives at Steubenville at half past 12 P. M., and then takes the steam boat for Wheeling, where it arrives at half past 5. The traveler will perceive that by this arrangement, he can leave Wheeling at 9 in the evening, and arriving in Pittsburgh the next day at 1 o'clock, and transact his business there, and proceed further east without losing a trip. The steam boat is light, not drawing above 12 inches water, and can run at all stages of the river. It is fitted up in the most commodious manner, with births, &c. so that the traveler can enjoy a good night's sleep and be prepared to take the stage early in the morning, at Steubenville, for Pittsburgh. The stages are of the best kind, with careful drivers and good horses.

This line connects with the Pennsylvania Canal Line of Mail Stages, which leaves Pittsburgh daily, at 4 o'clock, A. M., for Philadelphia and Baltimore, going through in three and a half days, and giving passengers from four to six hours sleep each night. In addition to these advantages, this route has the further one of running parallel with the Grand Pennsylvania Canal, and shunning the mountains. There are also two other daily lines from Pittsburgh to *Philadelphia and Baltimore*, and passengers, with their baggage, will be left at any place they may designate, to take which route they prefer.

This line also connects with two daily lines of Stages from Pittsburgh to the town of Erie----these lines run from Pittsburgh to Erie in 36 hours, with sufficient rest by the way----making 48 hours from Wheeling to the town of Erie.

The usual quantity of baggage is allowed, at the risk of the owners.

☞Extras can be furnished to families, &c. through the whole line, which shall run at the hours agreed upon by the passengers.

Seats can be taken on board the Steam Boat at Wheeling and Steubenville, also at the Stage Office at Washington Hotel, Steubenville, the City Hotel, Wheeling, and at No. 32, corner of Wood and Second streets, or at the Mansion House, Pittsburgh. GEO. A. DOHRMAN,
June 21, 1831.---8t. *Proprietor.*

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the President and Managers, until 3 o'clock, P. M. on *Thursday, 25th August next*, for the erection of a bridge over the Monongahela river at Brownsville. The river is about six hundred and thirty feet wide; the piers and abutments will have to be from fifty to sixty feet high, to be built of stone, and the superstructure of wood, with two tracks and foot-ways, covered in and painted. A draft or model will have to accompany each proposal. It would be desirable if those intending to propose could visit the place, and make a personal inspection of materials in the neighborhood, and facilities for building, &c. By order of the Board. JAMES L. BOWMAN, Sec'ry.
Brownsville, June 21---wtA25

The Art of Self-Defence.

JAMES SANDFORD most respectfully informs the Gentlemen of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has taken the large room of J. C. Bond, at the Concert Hall, No. 72 Penn street, for the purpose of giving Private Lessons in the above manly and useful science; whereby gentlemen, after taking a few lessons, will be enabled to chastise those who may offer violence, and defend themselves against the attack of the ruffian.

Terms made known at the room. Hours of instruction, from 9 o'clock, A M. to 1, and from 3 to 6, P. M. June 21

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 13, for 1831: to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, JULY 2ND, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery---Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000	is	$20,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	2,500		2,500
1	1,505		1,505
5	1,000		5,000
5	500		2,500
5	400		2,000
10	300		3,000
20	200		4,000
35	100		3,500
51	50		2,550
51	40		2,040
51	30		1,530
102	25		2,550
102	20		2,040
1479	10		14,790
11475	5		57,375
13395 prizes; 20825 blanks.			$136,880

Tickets $5 00; Halves $2 50; Quarters $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,
DAVID GREER,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
June 21, 1831

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 13, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 2D OF JULY, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000	is	$20,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	2,500		2,500
1	1,505		1,505
5	1,000		5,000
5	500		2,500
5	400		2,000
10	300		3,000
20	200		4,000
35	100		3,500
51	50		2,550
51	40		2,040
51	30		1,530
102	25		2,550
102	20		2,040
1479	10		14,790
11475	5		57,375
13395 prizes; 2085 blanks.			$136,880

Tickets $5 00; Halves $2 50; Quarters $1 25.

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address WM. HAMILTON & CO.
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.
June 21, 1831

STRAYED from the subscriber, living in Mifflin township, on the 24th of May last, A DARK RED COW, with some white on her shoulder, a star in her face, white on her right flank, and the upper end of her tail white; her belly all white; about six years old. A reasonable reward will be paid upon returning her to the subscriber. JAMES BRIAR.
June 21, 1831.---3t*

NOTICE,

To Country Merchants and others, inclining to purchase Cheap Hardware.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having purchased out the Stock of HARDWARE lately kept by R. H. Gray, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh, offers the same for sale at cost and carriage. He will continue to *buy and sell* articles of domestic manufacture in the Hardware line, at the old stand, No. 59.
JAMES GRAY,
March 11—tf Fourth street.

INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL,

No. 15 South Fourth street, been Market and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia.

HORATIO WADE respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed from the GOLDEN SWAN HOTEL to the above establishment—which, having undergone considerable repairs, will now be found to possess every comfort and convenience for the accommodation of those gentlemen who may frequent the house. No pains will be spared to render the INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL a place worthy the patronage of the public, which the proprietor earnestly solicits. June 3--6

REMOVAL.

J. & J. PARKER respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have removed from No. 17 Diamond Alley, to No. 148 Liberty street, three doors above the Pittsburgh Brewery, where they have opened a Wholesale and Retail WINE AND LIQUOR STORE, and have recently received from Philadelphia the following Wines and Liquors, which they intend to keep constantly on hand, viz:—French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirits, New England Rum: Wines—Madeira, Port, and Lisbon, Teneriffe, Sherry, Sweet Malaga, and Claret.

In connexion with the above, J. & J. Parker's RECTIFYING DISTILLERY has been re-established on an improved plan, and is now in complete operation, where they manufacture the following Domestic Liquors:—Brandy, Gin, Fourth and First Proof Liquor, Rectified Whiskey and Bitters; Cherry Bounce and Alcohol. Cordials: Perfect Love, Shrub, Noyeau, Life of Man, Rose, Lemon, Clove, Cinnamon, Caraway, Peppermint, and Anniseed.

☞They have also for sale 150 barrels of superior CIDER.

☞Country Merchants, Grocers and others are requested to call and examine their liquors, all of which are offered on accommodating terms.
JAMES PARKER,
JOHN PARKER.
May 24---w3mo.

LAW NOTICE.—The subscribers, having associated in the practice of Law, will attend to any business entrusted to them, in this or the adjoining counties. One of them can at all times be found at their office, in the Diamond, in the city of Pittsburgh.
W. W. FETTERMAN,
June 7---7t N. P. FETTERMAN.

VAT POTS.—Just received by the subscribers, one small and two large PAPER MILL VAT POTS, (copper.) They have been used for one year. The Pots are made on the most approved plan, and will be sold very low.
G. FABER & SONS, 116 Wood street.
November 23---wtf

EUROPEAN LAW AND GENERAL AGENCY.—The undersigned has again, at the appointed time, arrived in the United States, and will as usual proceed on another voyage to Europe, leaving Pittsburgh about the termination of July, and sailing from New York about the first day of August, returning to the United States in the spring, transacting all manner of business—remittances of money by checks payable at sight, in the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland—collection and recovery of Legacies, Debts, Bequests, Rents, Inheritances, Devises, Claims, &c. &c. in England, Ireland, Scotland, or on the continent. Every information given by application personally, or by letter, *post paid*, to the subscriber. The references formerly published can be given, with many others in various parts of the Union.
Address H. KEENAN, *Counsellor at Law,*
No. 27 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—H. K. will, as before, charter a vessel for the United States, and the passages of persons from Europe may be engaged by their friends here. June 17---3*

GEORGE A. COOK, Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh, purchases Notes of all the Banking Institutions in the United States. Also, Foreign & American Gold, Broken Bank paper, &c.
March 11, 1831.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,

PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu*, *Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE.*

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.
Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.
January 21.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.
April 5—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that the White Lead heretofore manufactured by them, and branded "Stevenson, Pittsburgh," will hereafter be branded

AVERY & OGDEN, PITTSBURGH,

Who have an extensive supply on hand, *warranted pure*, and equal to any imported from England, or manufactured in the United States.—The character of their lead is very generally known in the Western country, and no efforts shall be wanting on their part to maintain for it a reputation, which they trust will secure general patronage.

CHAS. AVERY & CO.

March 11—3m.

POLYGLOTT BIBLE, *American Edition.* Just rec'd and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, No. 51 Market street, the English Version of the Polyglott Bible, containing the Old and New Testaments, with the marginal readings; together with a copious and original selection of references to parallel and illustrative passages. Exhibited in a manner hitherto unattempted. In one small elegant pocket volume. Stereotype edition.

"This edition is the most elegant and useful of all the pocket editions of the entire English Bibles, with parallel references; and contains a new selection of 60,000 references to passages that are really parallel." May 10—tf

CHEAP WRAPPING PAPERS

AND BONNET BOARDS.

JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, 51 Market street, have constantly for sale, a large assortment of Wrapping Paper, Band Box Boards, Bonnet Boards, and Binder's Boards, of eastern manufacture, which they offer very low.

N. B. The highest price given for RAGS.
August 10.—tf.

GIDINGS, BALDWIN & CO.

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
CLEAVELAND, OHIO;

PROPRIETORS of the Ohio, Troy, and Erie Daily Line of Canal Boats, Ohio Canal—Agents of Troy and Erie Line, New York Canal and Proprietors in a Line of Steam Boats and Vessels on Lake Erie.—*Refer to*

MESSRS. WM. D. HARRIS & Co. *Pittsburgh.*
March 25.—3m*

REMOVAL.

DR. WM. F. IRWIN has removed to the New Brick Building in Liberty street, near the end of Fourth street. March 25.—3m

James Adams Jr. & Co.
GROCERS,

MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR,
Senegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice & c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS,
Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.
April 3. 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE

Mobile, May 15, 1831 [June 3.—tf.]

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Henry F. Schweppe and John Horner, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the first instant. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make payment, and all persons having claims against said firm, will present them to Henry F. Schweppe, for settlement.

JOHN HORNER,
HENRY F. SCHWEPPE.

June 7, 1831.—1mo

HENRY F. SCHWEPPE,

(Successor to Schweppe & Horner.)

OFFERS for sale, in addition to the stock of Groceries on hand, as recently received,
300 Attacapas Hides;
Winter strained Sperm. Oil, prime quality;
Tanners' Oil; Sweet Oil in baskets;
Sperm. Candles;
10 tons Campeachy Logwood;
3 tons Havanna Fustic;
Otard's Brandy, 10 years old;
Hourglass and Swan Gin;
A few kegs Anchovies and Dutch Herrings;
Sap Sago and Cream Cheese; Vermicelli;
White Havanna Sugar, in boxes;
Alum; Rosin; Epsom Salts;
A few kegs of Waite's Mustard;
All of which are offered on accommodating terms.
June 7—1mo

WOOL WAREHOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA.

SAM'L COMLY having a spacious Wool Warehouse, adjoining the Manufacturers' Market, Nos. 13 and 15 North Water street, Philadelphia, the subscriber having made arrangements with S. C. for that purpose, will devote his attention to the business; and solicits consignments of all kinds of wool to the house, on which liberal advances will be made if requested, and every exertion made to give satisfaction to the wool growers and dealers in the article, to whom information as to prices and the state of the market, will with pleasure be communicated.

JAMES MOTT.

Inquiry may be made of Abishai Way, Samuel Thompson, Mason & M'Donnough, M'Clurg & Deaniston, Pittsburgh. May 17—3mo

25 BALES Tennessee COTTON,
50 Hhds. Kentucky TOBACCO,
50 do. Prime BACON,
40 Boxes do. do.
50 Barrels do. PORK,
100 do. Nos. 2 and 3 MACKEREL,
Just received and for sale by
H. MACSHANE,
June 3—1mo. Front street, Pittsburgh

WINDOW GLASS.

A CONSTANT supply of Birmingham Window Glass, of all sizes, at the manufacturers' prices, No. 70 Wood street.

J. & J. PATTERSON, Jr.
May 17, 1831.—6w

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALLEGHENY CO

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I offer myself as a candidate for *SHERIFF*, at the ensuing general election; and I shall esteem it an honor, for which I will ever be grateful, if the result shall prove that I have been considered worthy of your favor and support. WM. GRAHAM, Jr.
Pittsburgh, May 24—te

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN M'DONALD, Esq. late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

By the Will of Mr. M'Donald, the undersigned are fully authorised to sell and convey any part of his estate. We offer for sale several fine FARMS and Tracts of Land in this and the neighboring counties, together with a great variety of LOTS in Birmingham and Allegheny-Town. The titles are unquestionable.

JOSEPH PATTERSON,
STEPHEN COLWELL,
Exrs. of John M'Donald, deceased.
May 31—3mo.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 12, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, JUNE 18TH, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Fifty-four Number Lottery—Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	4,000		4,000
1	3,000		3,000
1	2,452		2,452
5	1,000		5,000
10	800		8,000
10	500		5,000
25	200		5,000
46	100		4,600
46	80		3,680
46	60		2,760
46	50		2,300
92	40		3,680
92	30		2,760
920	20		18,400
8280	10		82,800
24804 tickets.		Grand Total,	$198,432

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address.

DAVID GREER,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
June 7, 1831.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 12, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 18TH JUNE, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Fifty-four Number Lottery—Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	4,000		4,000
1	3,000		3,000
1	2,452		2,452
5	1,000		5,000
10	800		8,000
10	500		5,000
25	200		5,000
46	100		4,600
46	80		3,680
46	60		2,760
46	50		2,300
92	40		3,680
92	30		2,760
920	20		18,400
8280	10		82,800
24804 tickets.		Grand Total,	$198,432

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

☞ For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address WM. HAMILTON & CO.
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.
June 7, 1831

FINDLAY & MADEIRA

HAVE REMOVED their Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, to the corner of Front and Market streets. Jan 21—tf

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 12, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 18th day of JUNE, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Fifty-Four No. Lottery—Eight drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	4,000		4,000
1	3,000		3,000
1	2,452		2,452
5	1,000		5,000
10	800		8,000
10	500		5,000
25	200		5,000
46	100		4,600
46	80		3,680
46	60		2,760
46	50		2,300
92	40		3,680
92	30		2,760
920	20		18,400
8280	10		82,800
24804 tickets.		Grand Total,	$198,432

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION.

That ticket having on it the 1st 2d and 3d drawn numbers, will be entitled to the grand capital prize of $30,000
That ticket having on it the 4th 5th and 6th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $10,000
That ticket having on it the 6th 7th and 8th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $5,009
That ticket having on it the 3d 4th and 5th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $4,000
That ticket having on it the 5th 6th and 8th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $3,000
That ticket having on it the 5th 7th and 8th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $2,452
Those five having on the 1st 5th and 7th, 1st 5th and 8th, 1st 6th and 8th, 1st 7th and 8th, $1000
Those ten having on the 3d 5th and 8th, 3d 6th and 7th, 3d 6th and 8th, 3d 7th and 8th, 4th 5th and 7th, 4th 5th and 8th, 4th 6th and 7th, 4th 6th and 8th, 4th 7th and 8th, 5th 6th and 7th, e. $800
Those ten having on the 2d 5th and 7th, 2d 5th and 8th, 2d 6th and 7th, 2d 6th and 8th, 2d 7th and 8th, 3d 4th and 6th, 3d 4th and 7th, 3d 4th and 8th, 3d 5th and 6th, 3d 5th and 7th, each $500
All others with THREE of the drawn numbers on, being 25, each $200
Those 46 tickets having on them the 1st and 2d drawn numbers, each $100
Those 46 tickets having on them the 2d and 3d drawn numbers, each $80
Those 46 tickets having on them the 3d and 4th drawn numbers, each $60
Those 46 tickets having on them the 4th and 5th drawn numbers, each $50
Those 92 having on the 5th and 6th or the 6th and 7th drawn numbers, each $40
Those 92 having on the 6th and 8th or the 7th and 8th drawn numbers, each $30
All others with TWO of the drawn numbers on, being 920, each $20
And all tickets having ONE only of the drawn numbers on, being 8280, each $10

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The Register, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address
GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. June 7, 1831.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1831—tf

DR. JAMES A. LOWRIE

TENDERS his professional services to the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Office, No. 45 Third street, next door to the corner of Market street. April 1—3mo

TO LET,

THE Store and Dwelling House in Liberty street, now occupied by H. Fullerton, Jr. Possession given on the 1st April next. Apply to

ALLEN & GRANT.
February 22.—tf

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL,
DANIEL HICKMAN.

Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R. & J. HALL,
Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.

Fleecedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

C. DARRAGH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, No. 49, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, one door west of the United States Bank.
March 16—tf.

EXCHANGE.

WANTED, Michigan and Canada paper.—The highest price given for English, French, and American Gold.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No 68 Wood st.
Pittsburgh, May 31.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Volz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER
January 22, 1830.—tf

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son*, a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.
January 1, 1830.—tf

FOR RENT, A three story brick warehouse and back buildings, lately occupied by B. Gleadall, next to Schweppe & Horner's, Third street, near Market str't.

Apply to GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.
January 18—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.
September 18 1829.—tf.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
March 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

☞ *PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

ROGERS' SUPERIOR ORANGE GUN POWDER.—150 kegs just received on consignment, and for sale by JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co. No. 8 Market street. May 18—tf.

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A COOK,
Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street
November 19, 1830.

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise.
Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,
Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

350 BBLS. SUP. FLOUR, "Picken's Brand," for sale by
JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.
May 18, 1830.—tf.

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.
December 21, 1827—tf.

PORCELAIN TEETH.

DR. E. MERRITT—DENTIST,
Fourth Street, between Wood and Market,
PITTSBURGH.
March 4, 1831.—tf

50 BALES prime quality COTTON, (new crop,) for sale by

ALLEN & GRANT.
January 18, 1831—tf

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn. It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 61 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of

N. HOLMES,
Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market street.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,
Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

HENRY HOLDSHIP AND SON'S
PRICES CURRENT.

CAP PAPER,	per r'm,	hot press,	$4 25 a 4 50
do.	do.	do.	fine,	3 25 a 3 75
do.	do.	do.	common,	2 25 a 3 00
LETTER	do.	do.	hot press,	3 75 a 4 00
do.	do.	do.	common,	2 50 a 3 25
PRINTING PAPER,	per ream,		2 37 a 5 25
WRAPPING	do.	Imperial,	per ream,	2 75
do.	do.	Medium,	do.	1 75
do.	do.	Crown,	do.	1 12
TEA PAPER,		Medium,	do.	2 00
do.	do.	Crown,	do.	1 50
PASTEBOARDS,	per groce,		$5 00 a 5 25
FULLERS' PRESS PAPERS,	per lb.		25
PAPER HANGINGS,	per piece,		31½ a 75
BORDERS,	do.		12½ a $2 50

December 10, 1830.

FOR SALE,

A STEAM ENGINE, with ample power to propel a boat of 140 to 150 tons; or, if for a mill, sufficient to run 4 to 5 pairs of stones and a saw. Apply to ALLEN & GRANT.
February 8, 1830—tf

W. B. M'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE No. 44 Fourth street, under Lambdin's Museum. April 8—tf

PITTSBURGH
CIRCULATING LIBRARY

THE inhabitants of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed that the Pittsburgh Circulating Library is now opened for the delivery of Books, at the Bookstore of JOHN I. KAY & CO., No. 51 Market street, near Fourth. April 19—tf

TO BE LET

THAT well finished THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Grant and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. James Gray. Apply to D. S. SCULLY, Esq. or HARMAR DENNY.

ALSO, The Three Story Brick House adjoining, now occupied by J. & D. Moore. Immediate possession to be given. Apply, in the absence of Wm. Croghan, Esq., to D. S. SCULLY, at his office, in the Diamond. April 8—tf

NOTICE.—*Mahlon Rogers*, having taken his son *Linton Rogers* into partnership, the public are respectfully informed, that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued, in all its branches, under the firm of MAHLON ROGERS & SON. Steam Engines, Salt Pans, Still Boilers, &c. &c. will be executed with accuracy and despatch.

MAHLON ROGERS,
LINTON ROGERS.

Pittsburgh, April 19, 1831.

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

150 BBLS. No. 1 Mackerel;
100 do. No. 2 do.
100 barrels No. 3 do.
100 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls. Molasses;
25 kegs Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Shot;
10 tons Jun. Hammered Iron;
FOR SALE BY JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.
May 18, 1830—tf.

MOROCCO

THE subscriber, having commenced the manufacture of MOROCCO, has now for sale Morocco suitable for the following purposes:

Boots and Shoes,	(Goat and Deer Skins.)	
Boot and Shoe Linings,	(Roans and Yellows)	
Coachmakers'	do.	(variety of colors.)
Hat Linings,	do.	do.
Bookbinders,	do.	do.
Trunkmakers,	do.	do.
Saddlers,	do.	do.
Striped Bindings.		

☞ The above articles will be sold at eastern prices. Having in connexion Mr. George Pierce, an experienced workman, the quality and colors will be warranted. Dealers in the article will find the prices reasonable.

JOHN CALDWELL.
Corner of Third street and Redoubt Alley.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 9—tf

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. }
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required
May 14, 1830.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3 in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.
Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829—tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL: or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,
46 WOOD STREET,

Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of

European, India, and American,
DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade*; and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions*, are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe*, we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.
September 3, 1830.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,
Booksellers, Printers,
Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 57, Market Street, Pittsburgh
March 14.—tf.

PAPER HANGINGS

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment*, and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices*, a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW
PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market: a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,
Corner of Wood & Third Streets
October 10—tf.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of

M'CLURG & PRATT.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.
December 7, 1830—1y

COCHRAN & IRWIN have Removed to Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, near Wood street, adjoining Wetmore & Haven's Queensware store, and J. Park's grocery, where they will be constantly supplied with

Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper;
Broadcloths, Cassinets, and Jeans;
Plaids, Checks, Tickings;
Brown Sheetings and Cotton Yarn;
Also, Cotton and Union Drillings;
Diaper and Table Linen;
Machine Cards, in sets or in pieces, to order;
(Factories supplied on the shortest notice.)
Wood Screws and Tacks, at eastern prices;
Blanchard's cast steel Corn and Grass Scythes;
Thompson's and Nelson's Sickles;
Lamont's Patent Vices;
Plated Ware for Saddlers;
Window Glass and Hollow Glass, all sizes;
White and Red Lead; Nails; Iron;

And a general assort't of *American Manufactures*;
10 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,
40 bales Cotton, prime quality,
20 hhds. Sugar,
50 bbls. Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, for sale as above. April 15—tf